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S I R:

Transmitted herewith for filing is: ☒ a new application  
☐ a c-i-p application of S.N. \_\_\_\_\_ filed \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor(s): Sachiko NOGUCHI

For: VOICE GATEWAYS, ROUTE SELECTION METHOD OF THE SAME, AND MEMORY  
MEDIUM FOR STORING CONTROL PROGRAMS OF THE SAME

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 21 sheets of drawings. (Figs.1-21)  
☒ Specification, including claims and abstract ( 44 pages)  
☒ Declaration  
☒ An assignment of the Invention to FUJITSU LIMITED  
☐ A certified copy of \_\_\_\_\_ Application No. \_\_\_\_\_  
☒ An associate power of attorney  
☐ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27  
☒ Post card  
☒ Recording fee (as indicated below)  
☐ Information Disclosure Statement, PTO-1449, copies of \_\_\_ references  
☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

	Col. 1	Col. 2
FOR:	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA
BASIC FEE		
TOTAL CLAIMS	24-20 =	4
INDEP CLAIMS	6-3 =	3
<input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS PRESENTED		

\*If the difference in Col. 1 is less than  
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SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	FEE
	\$380
x 9 =	\$
x 39 =	\$
x 130 =	\$
TOTAL	\$

OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	FEE
	\$760
x 18 =	\$ 72
x 78 =	\$234
x 260 =	\$
TOTAL	\$1066

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Respectfully Submitted,

Date: September 1, 1999

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pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.10.  
by General

SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT I, Sachiko Noguchi, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

VOICE GATEWAYS, ROUTE SELECTION METHOD OF THE SAME, AND MEMORY MEDIUM FOR STORING CONTROL PROGRAMS OF THE SAME

of which the following is a specification : -

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

VOICE GATEWAYS, ROUTE SELECTION METHOD OF  
THE SAME, AND MEMORY MEDIUM FOR STORING CONTROL  
PROGRAMS OF THE SAME

5

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to voice  
gateways for setting up a call via an IP (Internet  
10 Protocol) network, and more particularly to a route  
selection method of the voice gateways for  
determining a destination for setting up the call.

2. Description of the Related Art

Conventionally, a call system via the IP  
15 network or the like can reduce communication costs  
by effectively making use of network bands. For  
this reason, a demand for utilizing long distance  
calls and the like of the call system via the IP  
network is high.

20 Fig. 1 illustrates an example of a  
conventional route selection method.

In this diagram, a telephone switching  
network 10 and an IP network 12 are connected via  
voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$ , each having an office  
25 number indicating a location in the telephone  
switching network 10 and a transport address  
indicating a location in the IP network 12.  
Telephone terminals  $50_1$  to  $50_p$  connected to the  
telephone switching network 10 or telephone  
30 terminals  $40_1$  to  $40_m$  respectively connected to the  
voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$  can communicate with each  
other via the telephone switching network 10 or the  
IP network 12. An address determination server 30  
will be described later.

35 In a case where the telephone terminal  $40_1$   
calls the telephone terminal  $40_m$  via the IP network  
12, the telephone terminal  $40_1$  sends to the voice

gateway  $20_1$  a telephone number of the telephone terminal  $40_m$  as a destination, and the voice gateway  $20_1$  then determines a transport address after receiving the telephone number of the telephone terminal  $40_m$ . The transport address indicates a location of the voice gateway  $20_n$  as a destination for setting up the call in the IP network 12. Thus, the voice gateway  $20_1$  sends out a call-setup signal towards the transport address, and if the call is set up, then a communication (talk) is started between the telephone terminal  $40_1$  and the telephone terminal  $40_m$ .

Conventionally, there are two methods for the voice gateway  $20_1$  to determine the transport address of the destination voice gateway  $20_n$  for setting up the call according to the telephone number of the destination telephone terminal  $40_m$ .

In the first method, the voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$  each hold a table in which are recorded office numbers and corresponding transport addresses of all of the voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$  existing in the IP network 12. In the call setup, the transport address of the destination voice gateway is determined by referring to the table.

In the second method, the IP network is provided with the address determination server 30 having the table described in the first method. In the call setup, the transport address of the destination voice gateway is determined by inquiring of the address determination server 30.

However, the above-described two methods have the following disadvantages.

With respect to the first method, each voice gateway has the table in which are recorded the office numbers and the corresponding transport addresses of all of the voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$  existing in the IP network 12. For this reason,

when an office number or a transport address of one voice gateway is changed due to the voice gateway being moved, the tables of all the other voice gateways must be changed. This brings about a  
5 problem of maintenance management.

With respect to the second method, whenever a call is generated, traffic is generated between the respective voice gateways  $20_1$  to  $20_n$  and the address determination server 30. For this  
10 reason, a load on the address determination server 30 is too heavy. That is, inquiries from a plurality of the voice gateways are concentrated on the one address determination server 30. This brings about the address determination server 30  
15 operating late or congestion occurring at a point of connecting the address determination server 30 and the IP network 12. Moreover, even if a plurality of such address determination servers are disposed to disperse the traffic, as a result, costs go up and  
20 the problems of the above-described first method occur.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is a general object of the present  
25 invention to provide voice gateways, a route selection method of the voice gateways, and a memory medium for storing control programs of the voice gateways, in which the above disadvantages are eliminated.

30 A more specific object of the present invention is to provide voice gateways, a route selection method of the voice gateways, and a memory medium for storing control programs of the voice gateways, in which, when performing a route  
35 selection for setting up a call, each of the voice gateways can avoid traffic congestion by transmitting information about the route selection

to determine a route, and can make maintenance management easy by automatically updating the information about the route selection.

The above objects of the present invention  
5 are achieved by a route selection method for a voice system, which system comprises:

a plurality of networks including IP networks; and

a plurality of voice gateways  
10 interconnecting said IP networks with the other networks for voice communication,

the voice gateways being hierarchically divided into first voice gateways for accommodating nodes of the networks other than the IP networks,  
15 and second voice gateways for delivering information about the route selection;

the method comprising the steps of:

(a) controlling the second voice gateways to hold a route selection table indicating a  
20 correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses for identifying routes on the IP network;

(b) controlling one of the first voice gateways as an originating voice gateway to transmit  
25 a destination inquiring message, including a transport address of the originating voice gateway and a destination office number, to a predetermined one of the second voice gateways in which the destination inquiring message is collated with the  
30 route selection table thereof and is forwarded towards one of the first voice gateways as a destination voice gateway; and

(c) controlling the destination voice gateway to transmit a destination determination  
35 message including a transport address of the destination voice gateway to the originating voice gateway.

The above described step (a) may further includes a step of controlling the voice gateway, in a predetermined case, to transmit a steering number and a transport address thereof to the second voice gateway.

The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

(d) controlling the originating voice gateway, after receiving the destination determination message, to record a destination transport address and a destination steering number, which are included in the destination determination message, in a route selection table thereof, the route selection table indicating a correspondence between the destination transport address and the destination steering number.

The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

(e) controlling the originating voice gateway, after receiving the destination determination message, to refer to traffic between the originating voice gateway and the destination voice gateway, and then only when the traffic meets a predetermined traffic requirement, record a destination transport address and a destination steering number which are included in the destination determination message in a route selection table thereof, the route selection table indicating a correspondence between the destination transport address and the destination steering number.

The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

(f) controlling the originating voice gateway, in a case of failing to set up a call towards the transport address recorded in the route selection table thereof, to transmit the destination

inquiring message to the predetermined second voice gateway.

The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

- 5 (g) deleting the transport address and the steering number from the route selection table, if the transport address recorded on the route selection table is not referred to during a predetermined period.

10 The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

- (h) controlling the second voice gateway, in a case of failing to deliver the route selection information, to transmit a failure message to the  
15 originating voice gateway, so that the originating voice gateway selects the network other than the IP networks to set up the call.

The above route selection method may further comprise a step of:

- 20 (i) notifying the second voice gateway, when the steering number or the transport address of the voice gateway is changed, of the changed steering number or the changed transport address.

The above objects of the present invention  
25 can be achieved by a voice gateway interconnecting IP networks with other networks for voice communication, the voice gateway comprising:

- a call-setup part which, after detecting a call-setup request from one of the other networks,  
30 transmits a destination inquiring message to a predetermined voice gateway, and, after receiving a destination determination message from a destination voice gateway performs a call setup towards a destination transport address included in the  
35 destination determination message from the destination voice gateway.

The above voice gateway may further



comprise a transmitting part which, in a predetermined case, transmits a steering number and a transport address of the voice gateway to the predetermined voice gateway.

5           The above voice gateway may further comprise a recording part which records the destination transport address and a destination steering number of the destination voice gateway, which are included in the destination determination  
10 message, in a route selection table thereof, the route selection table indicating a correspondence between the destination transport address and the destination steering number of the destination voice gateway.

15           The above voice gateway may further comprise a recording part which, after receiving the destination determination message from the destination voice gateway, refers to traffic between the voice gateway and the destination voice gateway,  
20 and, only when the traffic meets a predetermined traffic requirement, records the destination transport address and a destination steering number of the destination voice gateway in a route selection table thereof, the route selection table  
25 indicating a correspondence between the destination transport address and the destination steering number of the destination voice gateway.

          The above voice gateway may be configured such that the call-setup part comprises:

30           a quick-call-setup part, which after detecting the call-setup request, refers to the route selection table so as to obtain the destination transport address, and then performs the call setup towards the destination transport  
35 address; and

          a transmitting part which, in a case of the quick-call-setup part failing to perform the

call setup towards the destination transport address, transmits the destination inquiring message to the predetermined voice gateway.

The above voice gateway may further  
5 comprise a deleting part which deletes the destination transport address and the corresponding destination steering number from the route selection table if the destination transport address recorded on the route selection table is not referred to  
10 during a predetermined period.

The above voice gateway may further comprise:

a receiving part which receives a failure message in a case where the destination inquiring  
15 message has been transmitted to the predetermined voice gateway but the destination cannot be detected; and

an alternate-call-setup part which selects a network other than one of the IP networks to  
20 perform the call setup when the failure message is received.

The above voice gateway may further comprise a notifying part which, when the steering number and the transport address of the voice  
25 gateway are changed, notifies the predetermined voice gateway of the changed steering number and the changed transport address.

The above objects of the present invention can be achieved by a voice gateway interconnecting  
30 IP networks and other networks for voice communication, the voice gateway comprising:

a transmitting part which, after receiving a destination inquiring message, refers to a route selection table thereof, which route selection table  
35 indicates a correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses, and then transmits the destination inquiring message towards a transport

address obtained by referring to the route selection table.

The above voice gateway may further comprise:

5           a transmitting part which, in a predetermined case, transmits a steering number and a transport address to a predetermined voice gateway; and

10           a recording part which, after receiving a steering number and a transport address from another voice gateway in the predetermined case, records the received steering number and the received transport address in the route selection table thereof.

15           The above voice gateway may further comprise a deleting part which deletes the transport address and the corresponding steering number from the route selection table if the transport address recorded in the route selection table is not referred to during a predetermined period.

20           The above voice gateway may further comprise a failure-message transmitting part which transmits a failure message to an originating voice gateway which has transmitted the destination inquiring message, in a case where the destination cannot be detected even though the destination inquiring message has been received and the route selection table has been referred to.

The above voice gateway may further comprise:

30           a notifying part which, when the steering number and the transport address are changed, notifies a predetermined voice gateway of the changed steering number and the changed transport address; and

35           a recording part which receives a steering number and a transport address from another voice gateway and records the steering number and the

transport address in the route selection table.

The above objects of the present invention can be achieved by a computer readable medium storing program code for controlling a voice gateway  
5 interconnecting IP networks and other networks for voice communication, the computer readable medium comprising:

program code means for, after the voice gateway detects a call-setup request from one of the  
10 other networks, controlling the voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message to a predetermined voice gateway, and after the voice gateway receives a destination determination message, controlling the voice gateway to perform a call  
15 setup towards a destination transport address included in the destination determination message.

The above objects of the present invention can be achieved by a computer readable medium storing program code for controlling a voice gateway  
20 interconnecting IP networks and other networks for voice communication, the computer readable medium comprising:

program code means for, after the voice gateway receives a destination inquiring message,  
25 controlling the voice gateway to refer to a route selection table indicating a correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses, and then transmit the destination inquiring message towards a transport address obtained by referring to the route  
30 selection table.

The above objects of the present invention can be achieved by a route selection method for voice gateways which are hierarchically divided into first voice gateways for accommodating nodes of  
35 networks other than IP networks, and second voice gateways for transferring information about a route selection, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) controlling each of the second voice gateways to hold a route selection table indicating a correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses for identifying routes on the IP network;

(b) controlling one of the first voice gateways as an originating voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message, including a transport address of the originating voice gateway and a destination office number, to a predetermined one of the second voice gateways in which the destination inquiring message is collated with the route selection table thereof and is forwarded towards one of the first voice gateways as a destination voice gateway; and

(c) controlling the destination voice gateway to transmit a destination determination message including a transport address of the destination voice gateway to the originating voice gateway.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a network diagram illustrating a conventional route selection method of voice gateways;

Fig. 2 is a network diagram illustrating a route selection method of voice gateways according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 3 shows declaration tables (a), (b),

and (c) of the voice gateways according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 shows route selection tables (a) and (b) of parent voice gateways according to the  
5 embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

Fig. 5 is a network diagram illustrating how a message for a call setup flows according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

10 Fig. 6 shows a declaration message transmitted by a child voice gateway 64 according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

15 Fig. 7 shows a route selection table of the child voice gateway 64 after transmitting a destination inquiring message toward a telephone terminal 76 according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

20 Fig. 8 shows route selection tables (a), (b) and (c), each including a last access field, of the voice gateways 60, 62, and 64 according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

25 Fig. 9 is a network diagram illustrating how a message for performing a call setup flows in a case of failing to detect a destination according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

30 Fig. 10 is a block diagram of the child voice gateway according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

Fig. 11 is a block diagram of the parent voice gateway according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

35 Fig. 12 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

Fig. 13 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway to receive the destination inquiring message according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

5           Fig. 14 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of performing a call setup by using the route selection table thereof according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

10           Fig. 15 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of performing a call setup by using the route selection table, in a case of referring to traffic, according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

15           Fig. 16 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of failing to set up a call according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

20           Fig. 17 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of recording a date and time on a last access field of the route selection table according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

25           Fig. 18 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of failing to set up a call via an IP network and starting the call setup again via a telephone switching network according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

30           Fig. 19 shows tables (a) and (b) of the child voice gateway 64, each including an update flag, according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2;

35           Fig. 20 is a flowchart of operations of the parent voice gateway to receive the destination inquiring message according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2; and

Fig. 21 is a flowchart of operations of the parent voice gateway in a case of failing to transmit the destination inquiring message according to the embodiment of the present invention shown by Fig. 2.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 2 is a diagram of a network consisting of a telephone switching network 10 and an IP network 12.

In this diagram, the telephone switching network 10 is provided with two telephone switching offices 70 and 72 to which telephone terminals 74 and 76 are respectively connected. The IP network 12 is provided with voice gateways 60, 62, 64 and 66, each having a conversion function of transferring voices between the telephone switching network 10 and the IP network 12. The voice gateways 64 and 66 are respectively connected to the telephone switching offices 70 and 72.

Herein, the voice gateways 64 and 66 which are respectively connected to the telephone switching offices 70 and 72 are referred to as child voice gateways, and the voice gateways 60 and 62 which are not connected to any telephone switching offices are referred to as parent voice gateways. Further, in the claims, the child voice gateways 64, 66 correspond to first voice gateways and the parent voice gateways 60, 62 correspond to second voice gateways.

The switching office 70 is allocated an office number "7220" and the telephone terminal 74 is allocated a telephone number "7220-3000". The switching office 72 is allocated an office number "7720" and the telephone terminal 76 is allocated a telephone number "7720-2000". Each of the previously described voice gateways is allocated a



steering number (digits) and an IP address.

Herein, the steering number is a predetermined number which represents a part of the office number of the switching office and is used to transfer a destination inquiring message. The IP address indicates a location in the IP network 12.

In this embodiment, the child voice gateway 64 is allocated a steering number 722 and an IP address 20. 20. 20. 2. The child voice gateway 66 is allocated a steering number 772 and an IP address 70. 70. 70. 2. The parent voice gateway 60 is allocated a steering number 72 and an IP address 20. 20. 20. 1. The parent voice gateway 62 is allocated a steering number 77 and an IP address 70. 70. 70. 1.

The voice gateways 60, 62, 64 and 66, as shown in Fig. 3, have their respective declaration tables (a), (b), (c) and (d) which are respectively stored in memory units of these gateways. The declaration table (a) of the parent voice gateway 60 consists of an IP address and a port number for identifying an application, and indicates a location to which the parent voice gateway 60 transmits information about a route selection in a predetermined case (to be described later). The tables (b), (c) and (d) of the other voice gateways 62, 64 and 68 have the same structure as the table (a) of the voice gateway 60, and a description thereof is omitted.

Hereinafter, the IP address and the port number are combined into one transport address. Further, the parent voice gateways 60 and 62, as shown in Fig. 4, have their respective route selection tables (a) and (b), each including steering numbers and the transport addresses respectively corresponding to the steering numbers.

A description will now be given of a route

selection method of the voice gateways in a case where the telephone terminal 74 calls the telephone terminal 76, by referring to Fig. 5.

A network of Fig. 5 has the identical  
5 construction with that of Fig. 2. When the telephone terminal 74 dials the telephone number "77202000" of the telephone terminal 76, then the switching office 70 transmits a start signal and the number "77202000" to the child voice gateway 64.

10 After receiving the start signal and the number "77202000" (step S1), the child voice gateway 64 transmits a destination inquiring message (see Fig. 5) to an IP address 20. 20. 20. 1 recorded in the declaration table (c) of the child voice gateway  
15 64 (see Fig. 3), that is, to the parent voice gateway 60 (step S2). As shown in Fig. 5, the destination inquiring message consists of a destination inquiring header, a destination number, and a transport address of the inquiring source (the  
20 child voice gateway 64).

After receiving the destination inquiring message (step S2), the parent voice gateway 60 collates the destination number "77202000" with the steering number of the route selection table (a) of  
25 Fig. 4. Since the two head digits "77" of the destination number "77202000" are consistent with the steering number "77" of the route selection table (a), the transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 1, port number: 8001) is selected. Hence, the  
30 parent voice gateway 60 transmits the destination inquiring message to the selected transport address, namely, the parent voice gateway 62.

After receiving the destination inquiring message (step S3), the parent voice gateway 62  
35 collates the destination number "77202000" of the destination inquiring message with the steering number of the route selection table (b) of Fig. 4.

Since the three head digits "772" of the destination number "77202000" are consistent with the steering number "772" of the route selection table (b), the transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 8001) is selected. Hence, the parent voice gateway 62 transmits the destination inquiring message to the selected transport address, namely, the child voice gateway 66 (step S4).

After receiving the destination inquiring message (step S4), the child voice gateway 66 confirms that the steering number "772" thereof is consistent with the three head digits "772" of the destination number "77202000" of the destination inquiring message, and then transmits a destination determination message to the source transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port number: 8002) as shown in Fig. 5), that is, back to the child voice gateway 64 (step S5). The destination determination message of Fig. 5 consists of an destination determination header, a destination steering number: 772, and a destination transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 1720). Herein, the port number 1720 denotes an application.

After receiving the destination determination message (step S5), the child voice gateway 64 sets up a call towards the destination transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 1720) included in the destination determination message, that is, towards the child voice gateway 66 (step S6).

Now, a description will be given of how the route selection tables of the parent voice gateways are developed.

Each voice gateway, in a case of being newly disposed or being system-reset (the above-mentioned predetermined case), refers to the

declaration table thereof shown in Fig. 3, and then transmits a declaration message (including a declaration header, a transmission source steering number, and a transmission source transport address) to a declaration destination transport address. After receiving the declaration message, each parent voice gateway records data of the declaration message in the route selection table thereof.

Fig. 6 shows an example of delivering the above-described declaration message. In a case of being newly disposed or being system-reset, the child voice gateway 64 refers to the declaration table (c) shown in Fig. 3, and then transmits a declaration message (including the declaration header, the transmission source steering number 722, and the transmission source transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port number: 8001) to the transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 1, port number: 8001), that is, to the parent voice gateway 60 (step S7 of Fig. 5). After receiving the declaration message (step S7), the parent voice gateway 60 records the declaration message in the route selection table (a) thereof shown in Fig. 4.

Next, a description will be given of how the route selection tables of the child voice gateways are developed according to the previously described embodiment.

After receiving the destination determination message (step S5 of Fig. 5), the child voice gateway 64 records the destination steering number 772 and the destination transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 1720), which are included in the destination determination message, in the route selection table stored in the memory unit thereof. Fig. 7 shows the route selection table of the child voice gateway 64.

It should be noted that only in a case

where traffic between the destination child voice gateway 66 and the source child voice gateway 64 is heavier than a predetermined value is the method of recording the information in the route selection table employed.

A description will now be given of a case where the child voice gateway 64 has been supplied with the route selection table, by referring to Fig. 5.

When the telephone terminal 74 dials the telephone number "77202000" of the telephone terminal 76, the switching office 70 transmits a start signal to the child voice gateway 64 (step S1). After receiving the start signal and the dial number "77202000", the child voice gateway 64 refers to the route selection table shown in Fig. 7 and then sets up a call towards the transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 1720) corresponding to the steering number 772. In this case, the steps (S2 to S5) of inquiring the destination are not carried out.

According to the above, a description will now be given of a case where the steering number "772" of the route selection table shown in Fig. 7 cannot be detected.

If the dial number is not "77202000" but is "77502000", then the child voice gateway 64 cannot detect the steering number "772" of the route selection table of Fig. 7. In this case, the call setup is carried out in an order of steps S2 to S6.

In a case where the transport address of the child voice gateway 66 is changed due to the child voice gateway 66 being moved, the child voice gateway 64 receives the start signal and the dial number "77202000" (step S1), and then refers to the route selection table of Fig. 7 so as to start a call setup. However, since the destination

transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port  
number: 1720) is no longer there, the child voice  
gateway 64 stops setting up the call and then  
transmits the destination inquiring message to the  
5 parent voice gateway 60, so that the call setup is  
performed according to the steps of S2 to S6.

Also, if the transport addresses  
respectively included in the route selection tables  
of the child voice gateways and the parent voice  
10 gateways are not referred to during a predetermined  
period, the transport addresses and the  
corresponding steering numbers are automatically  
deleted from the route selection tables. Hence, the  
respective route selection tables are kept from  
15 holding needless data. For example, if the  
transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port  
number: 8001) of the route selection table (a) of  
the parent voice gateway 60 shown in Fig. 4 is not  
referred to during the predetermined period, then  
20 the steering number 722 and the transport address  
(IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port number: 8001) are  
deleted from the route selection table (a).

A more detailed description thereof will  
now be given as follows.

25 Referring to Fig. 5, in a case where the  
telephone terminal 74 dials "77202000" at a date and  
time of "a" year, "b" month, "c" day, "d" hour, "e"  
minute and "f" second, at this date and time, after  
detecting the transport address (IP address: 70. 70.  
30 70. 1, port number: 8001) according to a coincidence  
of the steering number "77" with the two head digits  
"77" of the dialed number "77202000", the parent  
voice gateway 60 records a timestamp indicating the  
detection date and time on a last access field of a  
35 table (a) shown in Fig. 8. Similarly, in a table  
(b) of Fig. 8, the parent voice gateway 62 records  
such a timestamp on a last access field

corresponding to the transport address (IP address: 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 8001).

An example with respect to the child voice gateway will now be given as follows.

5           In Fig. 2, in a case where the telephone terminal 74 dials the number "77202000" at a date and time of "a" year, "b" month, "c" day, "d" hour, "e" minute and "f" second, at this date and time, after detecting the transport address (IP address: 10 70. 70. 70. 2, port number: 1720) according to a coincidence of the steering number "772" with the three head digits "772" of the dialed number "77202000", the child voice gateway 64 records the timestamp indicating the detection date and time on 15 a last access field of a table (c) shown in Fig. 8.

Additionally, a description will now be given of a case where the parent voice gateway does not detect a transport address of the destination in the route selection table when transferring the 20 destination inquiring message, by referring to Fig. 9.

A constitution shown by Fig. 9 is provided with a switching office 78 and a telephone terminal 79 connected to the switching office 78 in addition 25 to the constitution shown by Fig. 2. The switching office 78 is allocated an office number "7880" and the telephone terminal 79 is allocated a telephone number "7880-5000".

In Fig. 9, after the telephone terminal 74 30 dials the number "78805000" of the telephone terminal 79, the switching office 70 analyzes the dial number "78805000" so as to determine a route to the child voice gateway 64, and then sends a start signal and the dial number "78805000" to the child 35 voice gateway 64 (step S11). After receiving the start signal and the dial number "78805000" (step S11), the child voice gateway 64 transmits a

destination inquiring message to the parent voice gateway 60, information of the parent voice gateway 60 being recorded on the declaration table (c) of the child voice gateway 64 shown in Fig. 3 (step S12). The parent voice gateway 60 refers to the route selection table (a) of Fig. 4 so as to detect a transport address corresponding to the dial number "78805000". However, since such a transport address does not exist in the route selection table (a) of Fig. 4, the parent voice gateway 60 transmits a failure destination inquiring message, including only a destination inquiring header, to the child voice gateway 64 as the transmission source of the destination inquiring message (step S13).

After receiving the failure destination inquiring message, the child voice gateway 64 starts a call setup again towards the telephone switching network 10 (step S14).

Next, a description will be given of a case where the transport address or the steering number of each voice gateway is changed.

For example, when the steering number stored in the memory unit of the child voice gateway 64 is changed by a system operator from "722" to "721", the child voice gateway 64 refers to the declaration table (c) shown in Fig. 3 and then transmits a declaration message (including the declaration header, the steering number 721, and the transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port number: 8001)) to the declaration transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 1, port number: 8001). The transmission route is the same as that of S7 shown in Fig.5. After receiving the declaration message, the parent voice gateway 60 changes the steering number "722" of the route selection table (a) shown in Fig. 4 into "721". Similarly, in a case where the transport address or the steering number of each



of the other voice gateways is changed, such a declaration message is transmitted to the parent voice gateway recorded in the declaration table.

Next, a description will be given of  
5 constitutions and operations of the voice gateways 64 and 66 in the previously described embodiment shown in Fig. 2.

Firstly, Fig. 10 is a block diagram  
10 illustrating the constitutions of the child voice gateways 64 and 66. As shown in this diagram, the child voice gateways 64 and 66 each comprise a central control unit 130, a memory unit 150, a voice processing unit 120, a line switching interface 100, and a network interface 110. Herein, the central  
15 control unit 130 is connected to the memory unit 150, the voice processing unit 120, the line switching interface 100 and the network interface 110. The line switching interface 100 and the network interface 110 are connected to the voice processing  
20 unit 120. The line switching interface 100 is connected to the telephone switching network 10. The network interface 110 is connected to the IP network 12.

Secondly, the operations of the child  
25 voice gateways 64 and 66 flow as shown in Fig. 12. Fig. 12 is a flowchart of the operations of the child voice gateway to transmit the destination inquiring message according to a call-setup request from a telephone switching office. After detecting  
30 the call-setup request from the telephone switching office (step S20), the child voice gateway refers to the declaration table thereof and then sends out the destination inquiring message (step S21). After receiving a destination determination message (step  
35 S22), the child voice gateway performs the call setup towards the destination (step S23).

Fig. 13 is a flowchart of the operations

of the destination child voice gateway. After receiving the destination inquiring message (step S24), the destination child voice gateway confirms whether or not the local steering number is  
5 identical with the head digits of the destination number (step S25). If it is identical, then the destination child voice gateway transmits a destination determination message to the source child voice gateway (step S26). If not identical,  
10 then the destination child voice gateway sends out a failure message (step S27). The above-described operations are performed by an inquiring mechanism 135 and a declaration mechanism 134 of the central control unit 130.

15 Also, the declaration mechanism 134 of the central control unit 130 shown in Fig. 10 functions to declare a local transport address 151 or a local steering number 152 to other parent voice gateways (step S7 of Fig. 5).

20 Fig. 14 is a flowchart of the operations of the child voice gateway to transmit the destination inquiring message according to a route selection table 153.

After receiving a start signal (step S30),  
25 the child voice gateway refers to the route selection table 153 (step S31) and then confirms whether or not the destination steering number is recorded in the route selection table 153 (step S32). If it is recorded, then the child voice gateway  
30 performs a call setup (step S36). If it is not recorded, then the child voice gateway sends out the destination inquiring message (step S33). When receiving a destination determination message (step S34), the child voice gateway records a transport  
35 address and steering number of the destination in the route selection table 153 (step S35) and then performs a call setup (step S36). The above-

described operations are performed by the declaration mechanism 134 and the inquiring mechanism 135 of the central control unit 130.

Fig. 15 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway to refer to traffic when recording data in the route selection table 153.

After receiving the start signal (step S40), the child voice gateway refers to the route selection table 153 (step S41) and confirms whether or not the destination steering number is recorded in the route selection table 153 (step S42). If it is recorded, then the child voice gateway performs the call setup (step S48). If it is not recorded, then the child voice gateway sends out the destination inquiring message (step S43). After receiving the destination determination message (step S44), the child voice gateway refers to the traffic (step S45) and then confirms whether or not the traffic is heavy (step S46). If it is heavy, then the child voice gateway records the traffic (step S47) and then performs the call setup (step S48). If it is not heavy, then the child voice gateway performs the call setup (step S48) without recording the traffic. The above-described operations are performed by the declaration mechanism 134, the inquiring mechanism 135 and a traffic referring mechanism 138 of the central control unit 130.

Fig. 16 is a flowchart illustrating a case where a child voice gateway performs a call setup but fails to set up the call according to the route selection table 153.

Herein, since steps S50 to S56 for setting up a call are identical with those described in Fig. 14, a description thereof is omitted.

After receiving a message after the call setup (step S57), the child voice gateway 64

confirms whether or not the after-call-setup message is a message of failing to set up the call (step S58). If the after-call-setup message is the failure message, then the child voice gateway 64  
5 investigates whether or not the failure is due to a destination not being detected (step S59). If YES, then the child voice gateway 64 sends out the destination inquiring message (step S53); if NO, then the child voice gateway 64 releases the call  
10 (step S61). If the after-call-setup message is not the failure message, then the child voice gateway 64 continues to set up the call (step S60). The previously described operations are performed by the declaration mechanism 134 and the inquiring  
15 mechanism 135 of the central control unit 130.

Fig. 17 is a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway to record a detection time in the last access field shown in Fig. 8 in a case where the child voice gateway deletes the transport  
20 address and the corresponding steering number from the route selection table 153 if the transport address is not referred to during a predetermined period.

The child voice gateway refers to the  
25 route selection table 153 in order to send out the destination inquiring message (step S70), and then confirms whether or not the destination is detected in the route selection table (step S71). If it is detected, then the child voice gateway records the  
30 detection date and time in the last access field (step S72). The last access field is periodically monitored by a route-selection-table monitoring mechanism 136 of the central control unit 130, and is deleted from the route selection table 153 if the  
35 monitoring mechanism 136 detects that the last access field is not referred to during the predetermined period.

Fig. 18 a flowchart of operations of the child voice gateway in a case of failing to transmit the destination inquiring message to the parent voice gateway.

5           In this diagram, after detecting a call-setup request (step S80), the child voice gateway refers to the route selection table 153 (step S81) and then confirms whether or not the destination is detected in the route selection table 153 (step S82).  
10 If it is detected, then the child voice gateway performs the call setup (step S87). If it is not detected, then the child voice gateway sends out the destination inquiring message (step S83). After receiving a result of the destination inquiring  
15 message (step S84), the child voice gateway investigates the result (step S85). If the result is a destination determination message, then the child voice gateway records the result on the route selection table 153 (step S86); if not, the child  
20 voice gateway performs a call setup towards the telephone switching network 10 (step S88). The above-described operations are performed by the inquiring mechanism 135, the declaration mechanism 134, and a routing mechanism 139 for the telephone  
25 switching network of the central control unit 130.

Next, a description will be given with respect to a case where the local transport address 151 or the local steering number 152 of the child voice gateway is changed.

30           For example, when the local steering number 152 held in the memory unit 150 of the child voice gateway 64 is changed from "722" to "721" by the system operator, the changed local steering number makes an update flag "TRUE" as shown by a  
35 table (b) of Fig. 19. A local information monitoring mechanism 137 for periodically monitoring the flag detects that the flag becomes "TRUE" and

then notifies the declaration mechanism 134 of the detection. The declaration mechanism 134 refers to a declaration table 154 stored in the memory unit 150 (see Fig. 3) and then transmits a declaration message (including the declaration header, the steering number 721, and the transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 2, port number: 8001)) towards the declaration destination transport address (IP address: 20. 20. 20. 1, port number: 8001). The transmission route is identical with that of S7 shown in Fig. 5.

Next, a description will be given of constitutions and operations of the parent voice gateways 60 and 62 in the previously described embodiment of Fig. 2.

Firstly, Fig. 11 is a block diagram illustrating the constitutions of the parent voice gateways 60 and 62. As shown in this diagram, the parent voice gateways 60 and 62 each comprise a central control unit 230, a memory unit 250, a voice processing unit 220, a line switching interface 200, and a network interface 210. Herein, the central control unit 230 is connected to the memory unit 250, the voice processing unit 220, the line switching interface 200 and the network interface 210. The line switching interface 200 and the network interface 210 are connected to the voice processing unit 220. The network interface 210 is connected to the IP network 12.

Secondly, Fig. 20 is a flowchart of the parent voice gateway to receive the destination inquiring message from the child voice gateway. When receiving the destination inquiring message from the network interface 210 (step S100), the parent voice gateway refers to the route selection table 253 (step S101) and then sends the destination inquiring message towards a transport address

obtained from the route selection table 253 (step S102). These operations are performed by a declaration mechanism 234 and an inquiring mechanism 235 of the central control unit 230.

5               Also, the declaration mechanism 234 of the central control unit 230 functions to declare a local transport address 251 or a local steering number 252 of the parent voice gateway to the other parent voice gateways as well as to receive  
10 declaration messages from the other parent voice gateways or from the other child voice gateways and then record these messages in the route selection table 253.

              Returning to the previously described Fig.  
15 17, this diagram can also be used to show a flowchart of operations of the parent voice gateway to record a detection date and time on the last access field of Fig. 8, with respect to the parent voice gateway deleting the transport address and the  
20 corresponding steering number from the route selection table 253 in a case where the transport address is not referred to during the predetermined period.

              The parent voice gateway refers to the  
25 route selection table 253 in order to send out the destination inquiring message (step S70), and then confirms whether or not the destination is detected in the route selection table 253 (step S71). If it is detected, then the parent voice gateway records  
30 the detection date and time on the last access field (step S72). The last access field is periodically monitored by a route-selection-table monitoring mechanism 236 of the central control unit 230, and is deleted from the route selection table 253 if the  
35 monitoring mechanism 236 detects that the last access field is not referred to during the predetermined period.

Fig. 21 is a flowchart of the parent voice gateway in a case of failing to transmit the destination inquiring message. The detailed example has been described by Fig. 9.

5           After receiving the destination inquiring message (step S110), the parent voice gateway refers to the route selection table 235 (step S111) and then confirms whether or not the destination is detected in the route selection table 253 (step  
10 S112). If the destination is detected, then the parent voice gateway sends out the destination determination message (step S113); if not, the parent voice gateway transmits the failure message towards the child voice gateway (step S114). These  
15 operations are performed by the declaration mechanism 234 and inquiring mechanism 235 of the central control unit 230.

Herein, operations in a case where the local transport address 251 or the local steering  
20 number 252 of the parent voice gateway is changed are similar to those of the previously described child voice gateway, and a description thereof is omitted.

Next, a description will be given with  
25 respect to the memory units 150 and 250 for recording control programs of the voice gateways according to the present invention.

Firstly, the memory unit 150 as a memory medium functions to store programs for actuating the  
30 central control unit 130. By installing the programs of the present invention into the existing voice gateways, the existing voice gateways can function as those of the present invention. The memory unit 150 as such a memory medium for storing  
35 the programs may be, for example, an electronic memory, a hard disk, an optical magnetic memory, a disk tape, or the like.



Secondly, the memory unit 250 as the memory medium functions to store programs for actuating the central control unit 230. By installing the programs of the present invention  
5 into the existing voice gateways, the existing voice gateways can function as those of the present invention. The memory unit 250 as the memory medium for storing the programs may be, for example, an electronic memory, a hard disk, an optical magnetic  
10 memory, a disk tape, or the like.

The above description is provided in order to enable any person skilled in the art to make and use the invention and sets forth the best mode contemplated by the inventions of carrying out their  
15 invention.

The present invention is not limited to the specifically disclosed embodiment, and variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

20 For example, Fig. 5 shows a case where a signal for a call setup is transmitted from the telephone terminal 74 connected to the telephone switching office 70. In practice, the call setup can be performed by the previously described method  
25 in a case where the call setup signal is transmitted from any telephone terminal connected to any switching office within the telephone switching network 10 or connected to the child voice gateway 64. Further, the child voice gateway and the parent  
30 voice gateway may be combined into one voice gateway, and a plurality of the voice gateways and a plurality of the switching offices may be connected with each other. The IP network 12 may be the Internet or a leased TCP/IP network. The telephone  
35 switching network 10 may be a public telephone switching network or a leased network.

The present application is based on

[illegible]

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5

1. A route selection method for a voice communication system, which system comprises:

a plurality of networks including IP networks; and

10

a plurality of voice gateways, interconnecting said IP networks with the other networks for voice communication,

15

said voice gateways being hierarchically divided into first voice gateways for accommodating nodes of said networks other than the IP networks, and second voice gateways for delivering information about the route selection;

20

said method comprising the steps of:  
(a) controlling each of said second voice gateways to hold a route selection table indicating a correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses for identifying routes in the IP network;

25

(b) controlling one of said first voice gateways as an originating voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message, including a transport address of said originating voice gateway and a destination office number, to a predetermined one of said second voice gateways in which said destination inquiring message is collated with said route selection table thereof and is forwarded towards one of said first voice gateways as a destination voice gateway; and

30

35

(c) controlling said destination voice gateway to transmit a destination determination message including a transport address of said destination voice gateway to said originating voice

gateway.

5

2. The route selection method as claimed  
in claim 1, wherein said step (a) further includes a  
step of controlling said voice gateway, in a  
predetermined case, to transmit a steering number  
10 and a transport address thereof to said second voice  
gateway.

15

3. The route selection method as claimed  
as claim 1, further comprising a step of:

(d) controlling said originating voice  
20 gateway, after receiving said destination  
determination message, to record a destination  
transport address and a destination steering number,  
which are included in said destination determination  
message, in a route selection table thereof,

25 said route selection table indicating a  
correspondence between said destination transport  
address and said destination steering number.

30

4. The route selection method as claimed  
in claim 1, further comprising a step of:

(e) controlling said originating voice  
35 gateway, after receiving said destination  
determination message, to refer to traffic between  
said originating voice gateway and said destination

voice gateway, and then only when said traffic meets  
a predetermined traffic requirement, record a  
destination transport address and a destination  
steering number which are included in said  
5 destination determination message in a route  
selection table thereof,

said route selection table indicating a  
correspondence between said destination transport  
address and said destination steering number.

10

5. The route selection method as claimed  
15 in claim 3, further comprising a step of:

(f) controlling said originating voice  
gateway, in a case of failing to set up a call  
towards said transport address recorded in said  
route selection table thereof, to transmit said  
20 destination inquiring message to said predetermined  
second voice gateway.

25

6. The route selection method as claimed  
in claim 1, further comprising a step of:

(g) deleting said transport address and  
said steering number from said route selection table,  
30 if said transport address recorded on said route  
selection table is not referred to during a  
predetermined period.

35

7. The route selection method as claimed

in claim 1, further comprising a step of:

- (h) controlling said second voice gateway, in a case of failing to deliver said route selection information, to transmit a failure message to said  
5 originating voice gateway, so that said originating voice gateway selects the network other than the IP networks to set up the call.

10

8. The route selection method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a step of:

- (i) notifying said second voice gateway,  
15 when said steering number or said transport address of said voice gateway is changed, of said changed steering number or said changed transport address.

20

9. A voice gateway interconnecting IP networks with other networks for voice communication, said voice gateway comprising:

- 25 a call-setup part which after detecting a call-setup request from one of said other networks, transmits a destination inquiring message to a predetermined voice gateway, and after receiving a destination determination message from a destination  
30 voice gateway, performs a call setup towards a destination transport address included in said destination determination message from said destination voice gateway.

35

10. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

5 a transmitting part which, in a predetermined case, transmits a steering number and a transport address of said voice gateway to said predetermined voice gateway.

10

11. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

15 a recording part which records said destination transport address and a destination steering number of said destination voice gateway, which are included in said destination determination message, in a route selection table thereof,

20 said route selection table indicating a correspondence between said destination transport address and said destination steering number of said destination voice gateway.

25

12. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

30 a recording part which, after receiving said destination determination message from said destination voice gateway, refers to traffic between said voice gateway and said destination voice gateway, and, only when said traffic meets a predetermined traffic requirement, records said destination transport address and a destination steering number of said destination voice gateway in a route selection table thereof,

said route selection table indicating a

correspondence between said destination transport address and said destination steering number of said destination voice gateway.

5

13. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 11, said call-setup part comprising:

10 a quick-call-setup part, which after detecting said call-setup request, refers to said route selection table so as to obtain said destination transport address, and then performs said call setup towards said destination transport  
15 address; and

a transmitting part which, in a case of said quick-call-setup part failing to perform said call setup towards said destination transport address, transmits said destination inquiring  
20 message to said predetermined voice gateway.

25 14. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 11, further comprising:

a deleting part which deletes said destination transport address and said corresponding destination steering number from said route  
30 selection table if said destination transport address recorded on said route selection table is not referred to during a predetermined period.

35

15. The voice gateway as claimed in claim



9, further comprising:

a receiving part which receives a failure message in a case where said destination inquiring message has been transmitted to said predetermined voice gateway but said destination cannot be detected and

an alternate-call-setup part which selects a network other than one of the IP networks to perform said call setup when said failure message is received.

16. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

a notifying part which, when said steering number and said transport address of said voice gateway are changed, notifies said predetermined voice gateway of said changed steering number and said changed transport address.

17. A voice gateway interconnecting IP networks and other networks for voice communication, said voice gateway comprising:

a transmitting part which, after receiving a destination inquiring message, refers to a route selection table thereof, which route selection table indicates a correspondence between steering numbers and transport addresses, and then transmits said destination inquiring message towards a transport address obtained by referring to said route selection table.

18. The voice gateway as claimed in claim  
5 17, further comprising:

a transmitting part which, in a  
predetermined case, transmits a steering number and  
a transport address to a predetermined voice  
gateway; and

10 a recording part which, after receiving a  
steering number and a transport address from another  
voice gateway in said predetermined case, records  
said received steering number and said received  
transport address in said route selection table  
15 thereof.

20 19. The voice gateway as claimed in claim  
17, further comprising:

a deleting part which deletes said  
transport address and said corresponding steering  
number from said route selection table if said  
25 transport address recorded in said route selection  
table is not referred to during a predetermined  
period.

30

20. The voice gateway as claimed in claim  
17, further comprising:

a failure-message transmitting part which  
35 transmits a failure message to an originating voice  
gateway which has transmitted said destination  
inquiring message, in a case where said destination

cannot be detected even though said destination inquiring message has been received and said route selection table has been referred to.

5

21. The voice gateway as claimed in claim 17, further comprising:

10 a notifying part which, when said steering number and said transport address are changed, notifies a predetermined voice gateway of said changed steering number and said changed transport address; and

15 a recording part which receives a steering number and a transport address from another voice gateway and records said steering number and said transport address in said route selection table.

20

22. A computer readable medium storing program code for controlling a voice gateway interconnecting IP networks with other networks for voice communication, said computer readable medium comprising:

program code means for, after said voice gateway detects a call-setup request from one of  
30 said other networks, controlling said voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message to a predetermined voice gateway, and after said voice gateway receives a destination determination message, controlling said voice gateway to perform a call  
35 setup towards a destination transport address included in said destination determination message.

23. A computer readable medium  
5 storing program code for controlling a voice gateway  
interconnecting IP networks and other networks for  
voice communication, said voice gateway comprising:  
program code means for, after said voice  
gateway receives a destination inquiring message,  
10 controlling said voice gateway to refer to a route  
selection table indicating a correspondence between  
steering numbers and transport addresses, and then  
transmit said destination inquiring message towards  
a transport address obtained by referring to said  
15 route selection table.

24. A route selection method for  
20 voice gateways which are hierarchically divided into  
first voice gateways for accommodating nodes of  
networks other than IP networks, and second voice  
gateways for transferring information about a route  
25 selection, said method comprising the steps of:  
(a) controlling each of said second voice  
gateways to hold a route selection table indicating  
a correspondence between steering numbers and  
transport addresses for identifying routes on the IP  
30 network;  
(b) controlling one of said first voice  
gateways as an originating voice gateway to transmit  
a destination inquiring message, including a  
transport address of said originating voice gateway  
35 and a destination office number, to a predetermined  
one of said second voice gateways in which said  
destination inquiring message is collated with said

route selection table thereof and is forwarded towards one of said first voice gateways as a destination voice gateway; and

- (c) controlling said destination voice
- 5 gateway to transmit a destination determination message including a transport address of said destination voice gateway to said originating voice gateway.

SECRET

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A route selection method includes the steps of hierarchically dividing voice gateways, allocating necessary information for a route  
5 selection to the respective voice gateways, controlling an originating voice gateway to transmit a destination inquiring message to a destination voice gateway via other gateways, and controlling the destination voice gateway to transmit a  
10 destination determination message to the originating voice gateway.

FIG. 1 PRIOR ART

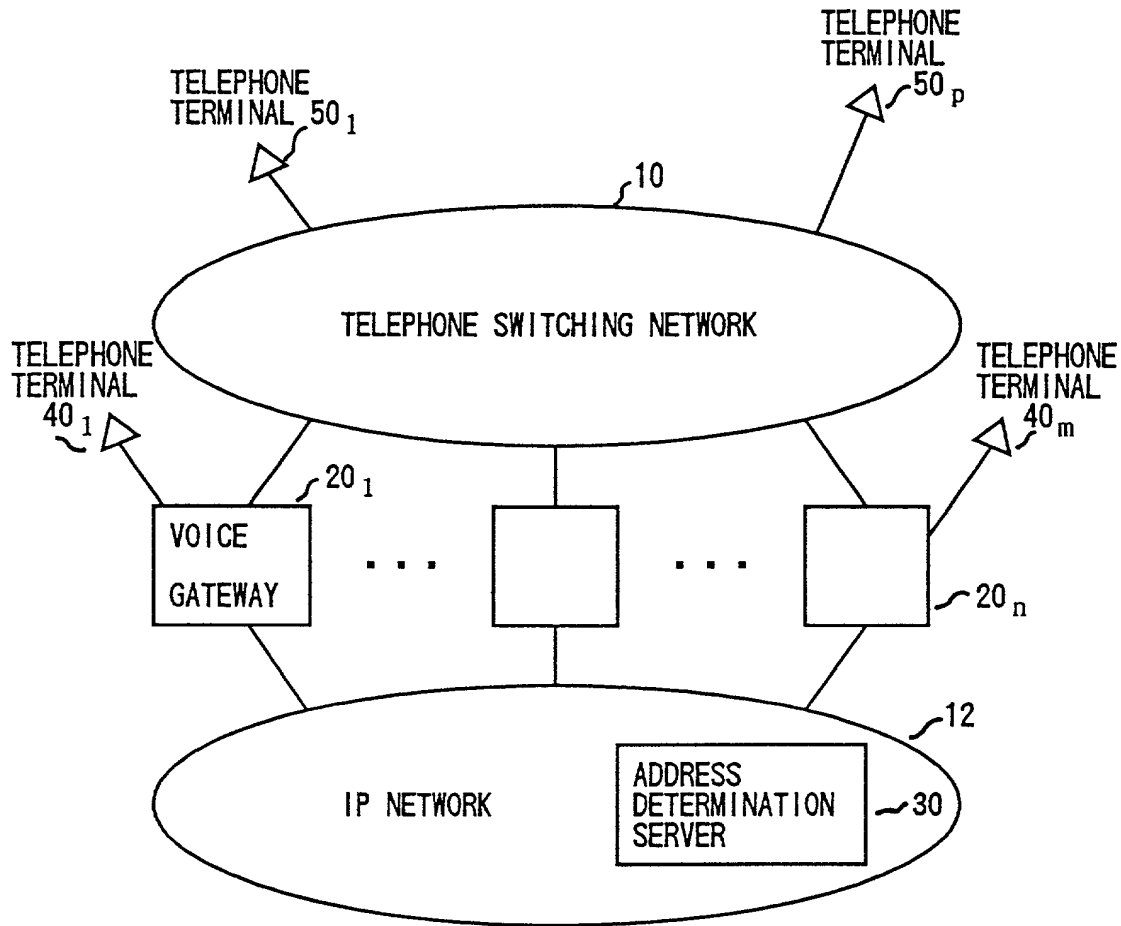
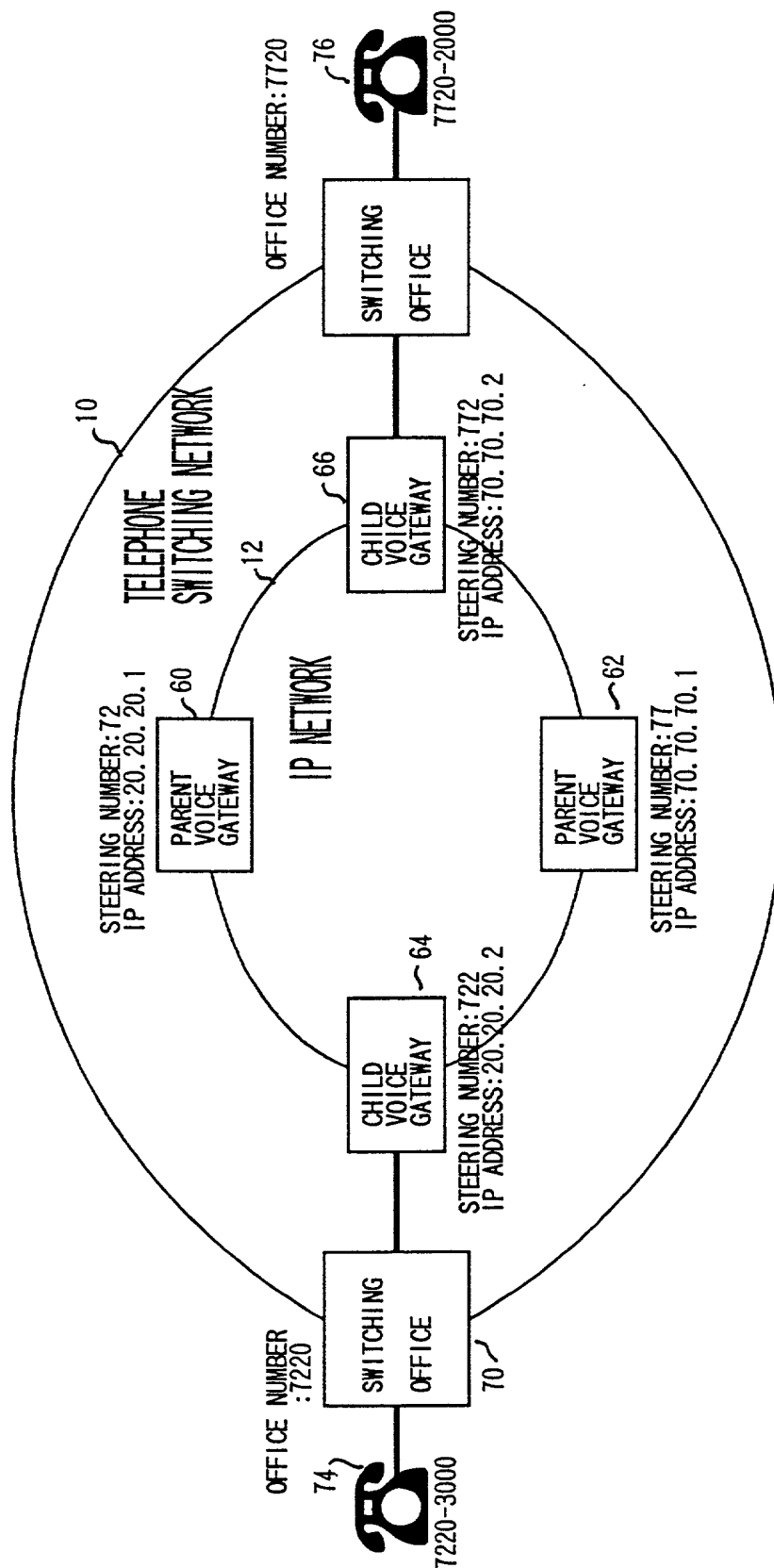


FIG. 2





# FIG. 3

DECLARATION TABLE (a)  
OF PARENT VOICE  
GATEWAY 60

IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
70. 70. 70. 1	8001

DECLARATION TABLE (b)  
OF PARENT VOICE  
GATEWAY 62

IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
20. 20. 20. 1	8001

DECLARATION TABLE (c)  
OF CHILD VOICE  
GATEWAY 64

IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
20. 20. 20. 1	8001

DECLARATION TABLE (d)  
OF CHILD VOICE  
GATEWAY 66

IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
70. 70. 70. 1	8001

FIG. 4

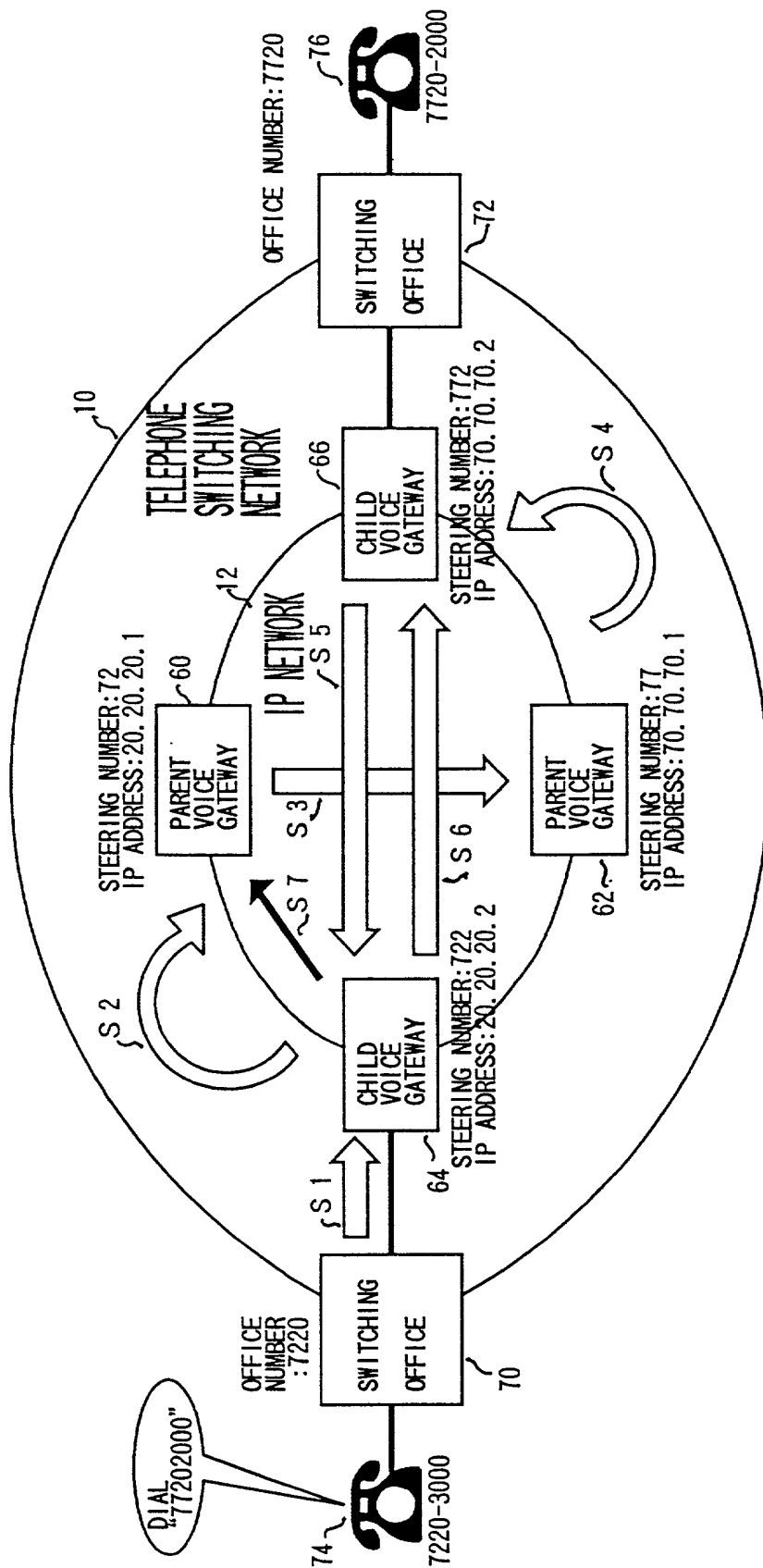
ROUTE SELECTION TABLE (a)  
OF PARENT VOICE GATEWAY 60

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS	
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
77	70. 70. 70. 1	8001
722	20. 20. 20. 2	8001

ROUTE SELECTION TABLE (b)  
OF PARENT VOICE GATEWAY 62

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS	
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
72	20. 20. 20. 1	8001
772	70. 70. 70. 2	8001

FIG. 5



DESTINATION INQUIRING MESSAGE :  
DESTINATION INQUIRING HEADER, DESTINATION NUMBER 77202000,  
INQUIRING SOURCE TRANSPORT ADDRESS (ID ADDRESS: 20.20.20.2, PORT NUMBER: 1720)

DESTINATION DETERMINATION MESSAGE :  
DESTINATION DETERMINATION HEADER, DESTINATION STEERING NUMBER: 772  
DESTINATION TRANSPORT ADDRESS (IP ADDRESS: 70.70.70.2, PORT NUMBER: 1720)

FIG. 6

DECLARATION HEADER	STEERING NUMBER : 722	TRANSPORT ADDRESS (IP ADDRESS : 20.20.20.2, ) (PORT NUMBER : 8001
-----------------------	-----------------------	---

FIG. 7

ROUTE SELECTION TABLE  
OF CHILD VOICE GATEWAY 64

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS	
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER
772	70.70.70.2	1720

FIG.8

ROUTE SELECTION TABLE (a)  
OF PARENT VOICE GATEWAY 60

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS		LAST ACCESS FIELD
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER	
77	70.70.70.1	8001	a / b / c d : e : f
722	20.20.20.2	8001	

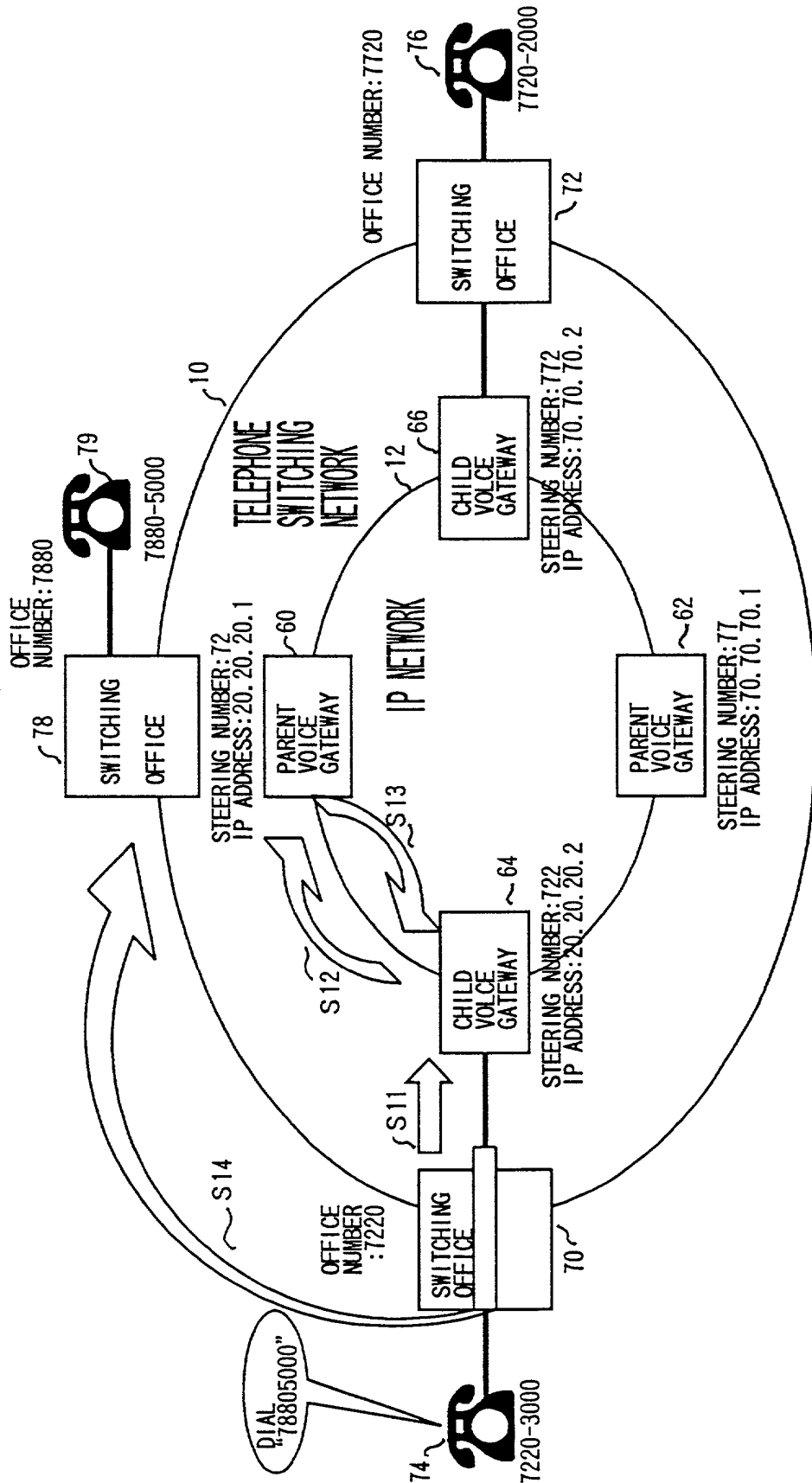
ROUTE SELECTION TABLE (b)  
OF PARENT VOICE GATEWAY 62

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS		LAST ACCESS FIELD
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER	
72	20.20.20.1	8001	
772	70.70.70.2	8001	a / b / c d : e : f

ROUTE SELECTION TABLE (c)  
OF CHILD VOICE GATEWAY 64

STEERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT ADDRESS		LAST ACCESS FIELD
	IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER	
772	70.70.70.2	1720	a / b / c d : e : f

FIG. 9



DESTINATION INQUIRING MESSAGE : DESTINATION INQUIRING HEADER, DESTINATION NUMBER 77202000, INQUIRING SOURCE TRANSPORT ADDRESS (ID ADDRESS: 20.20.20.2, PORT NUMBER: 1720)

FAILURE MESSAGE OF DESTINATION INQUIRY : FAILURE HEADER OF DESTINATION INQUIRY

# FIG. 10

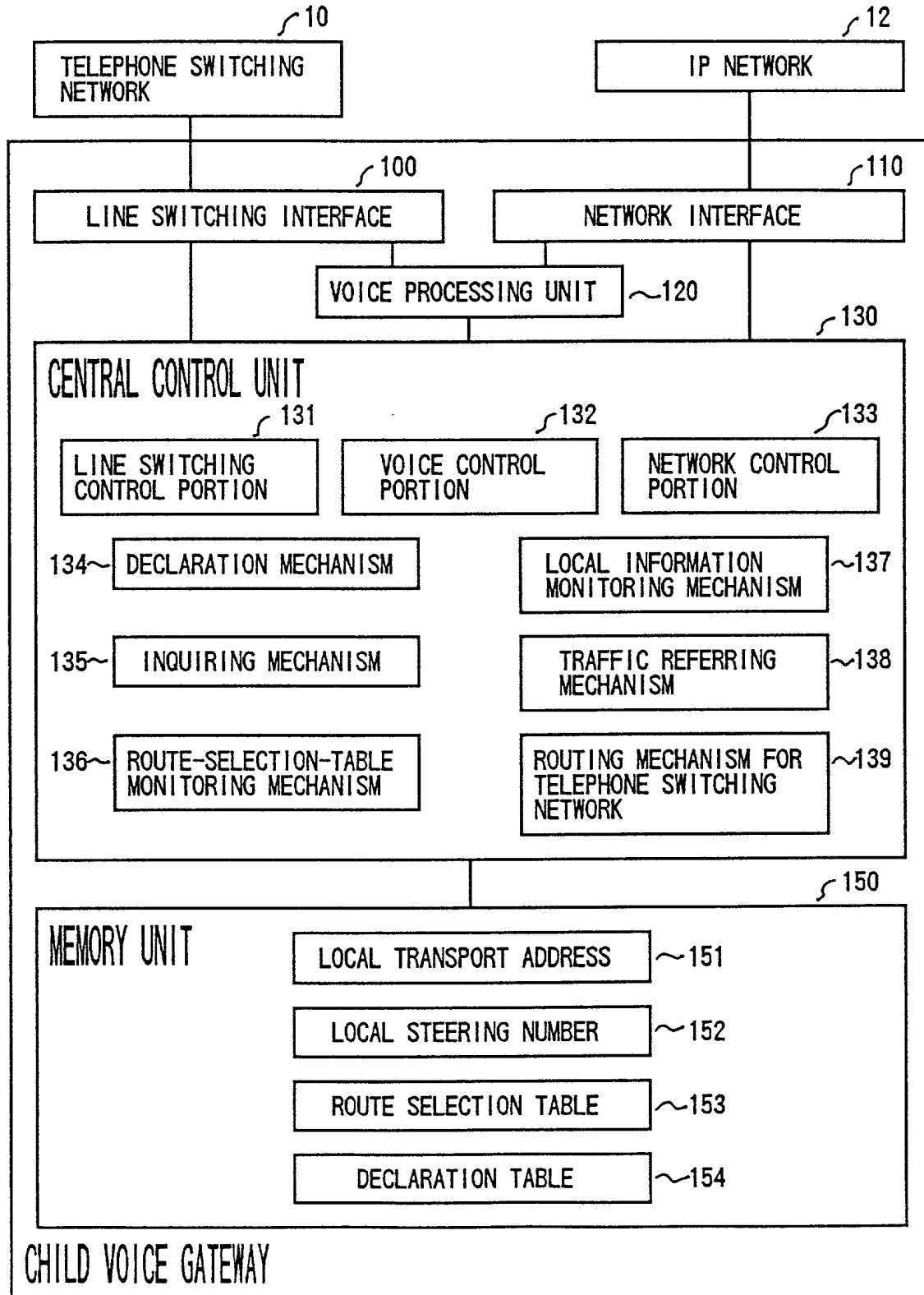




FIG. 11

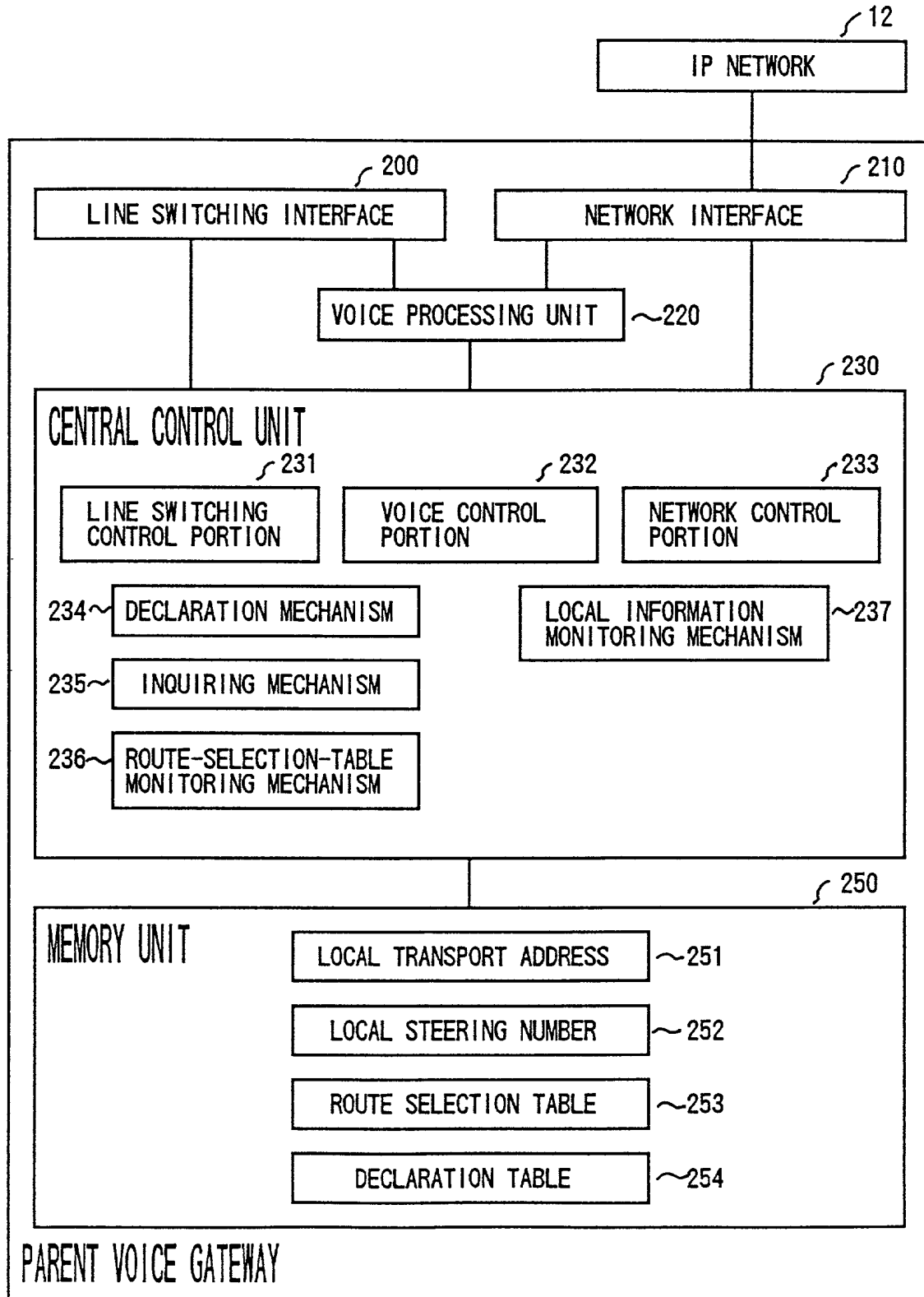




FIG. 13

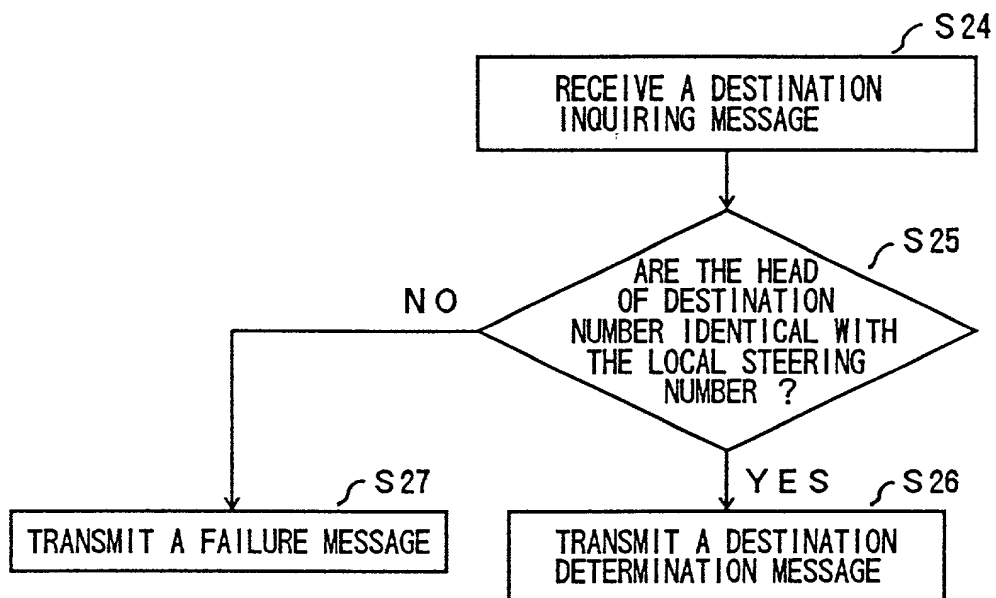


FIG. 14

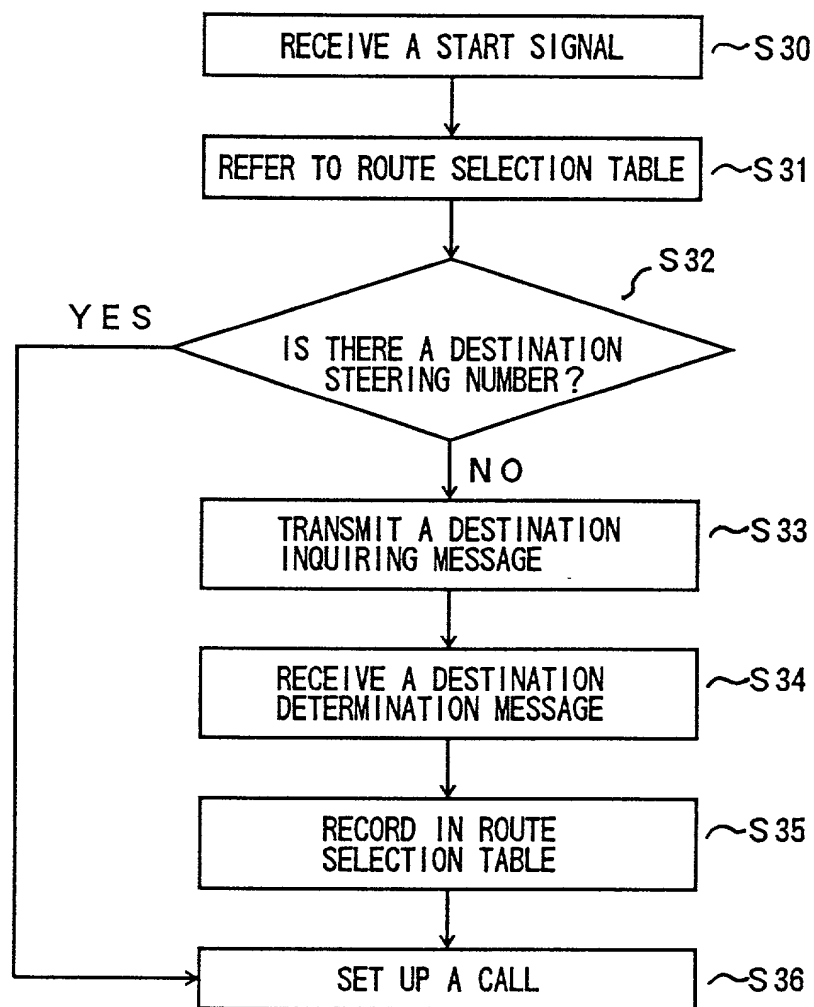


FIG. 15

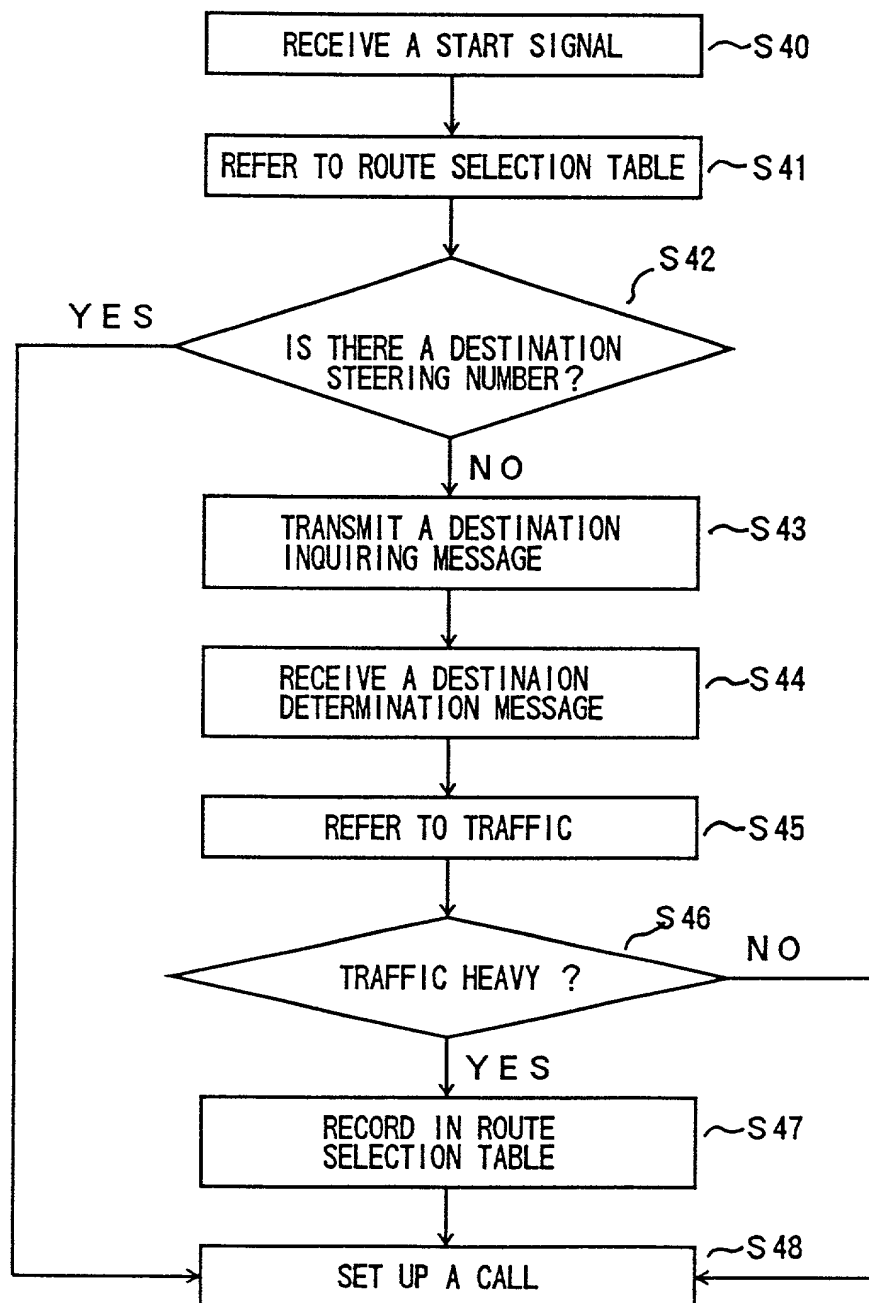


FIG. 16

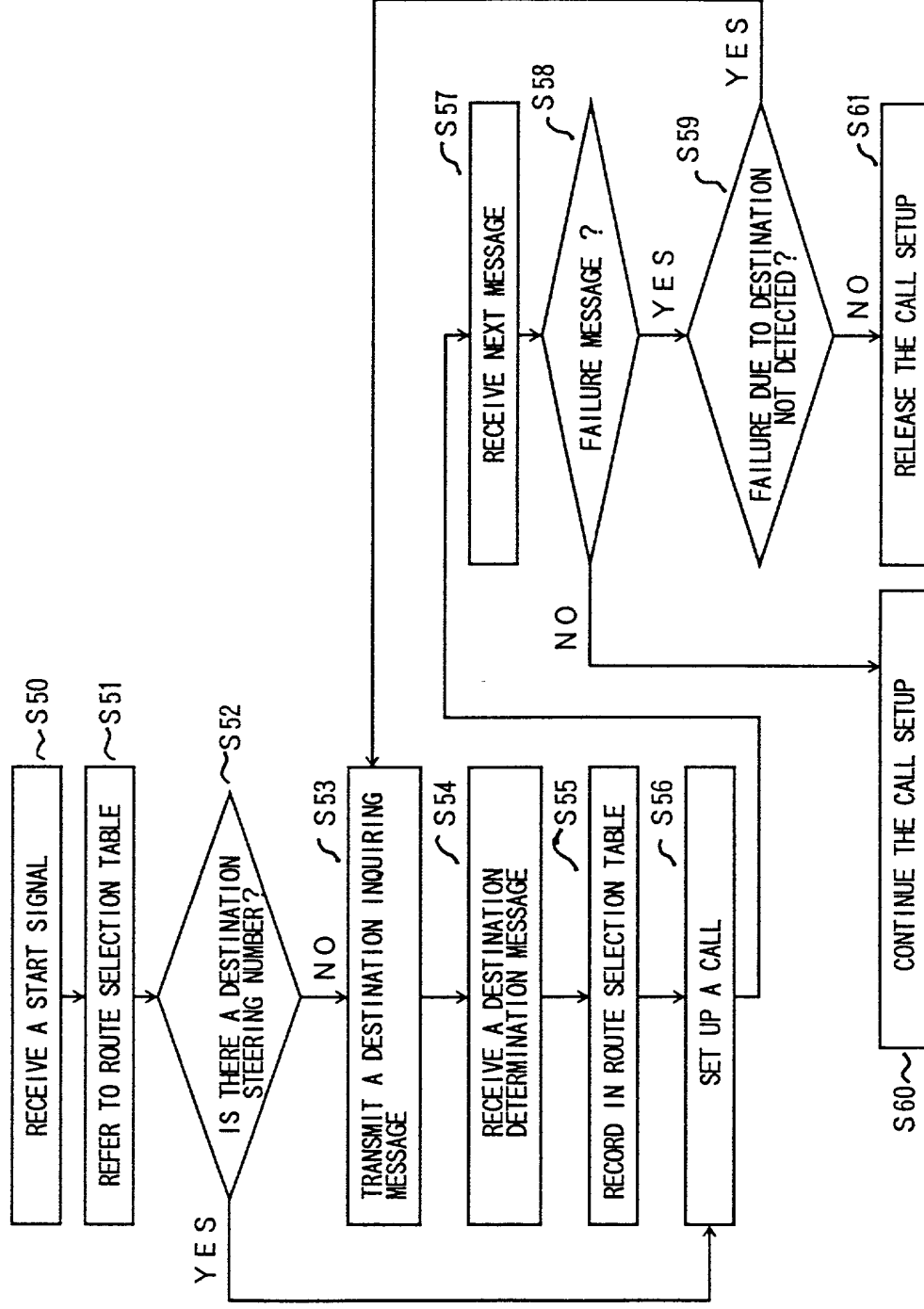


FIG. 17

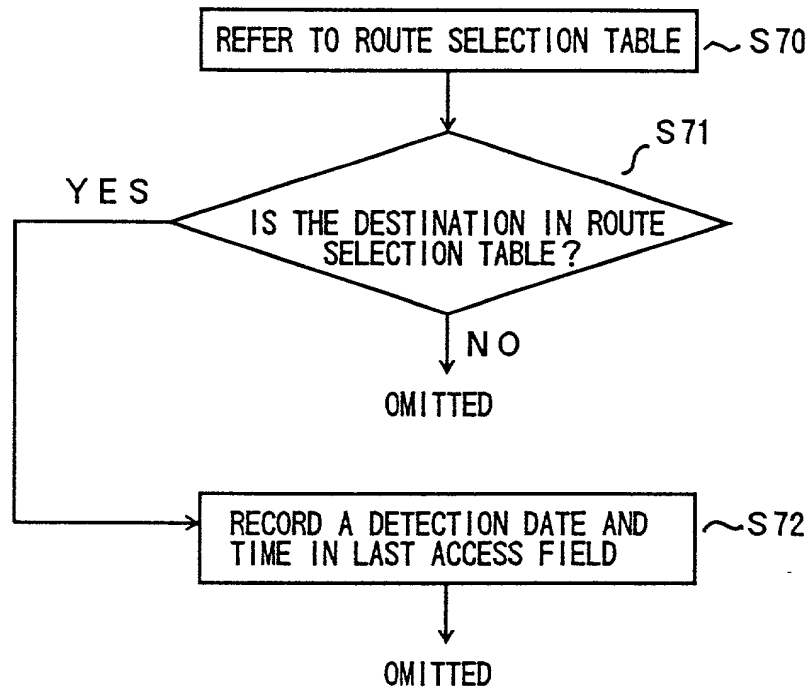


FIG. 18

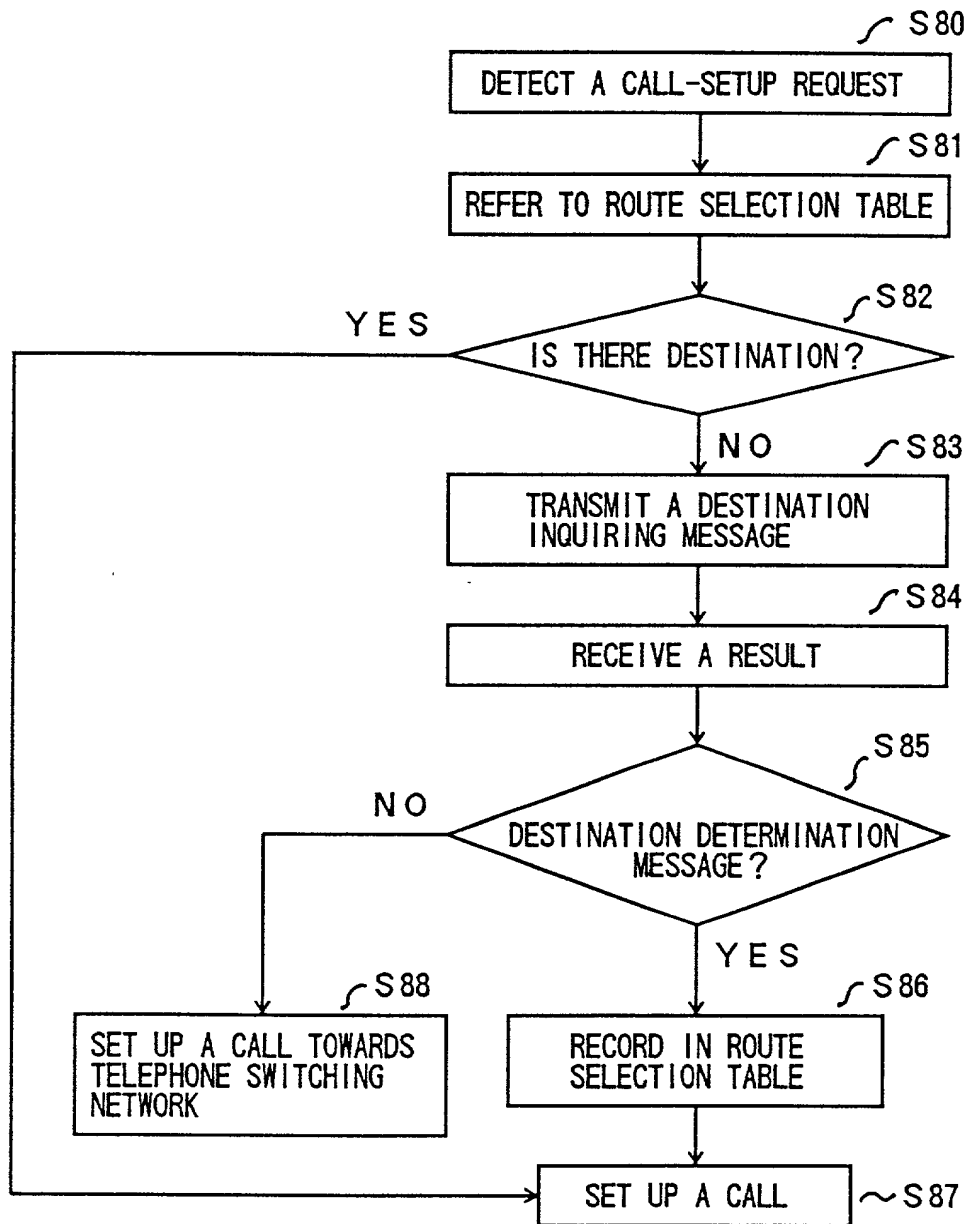




FIG. 19

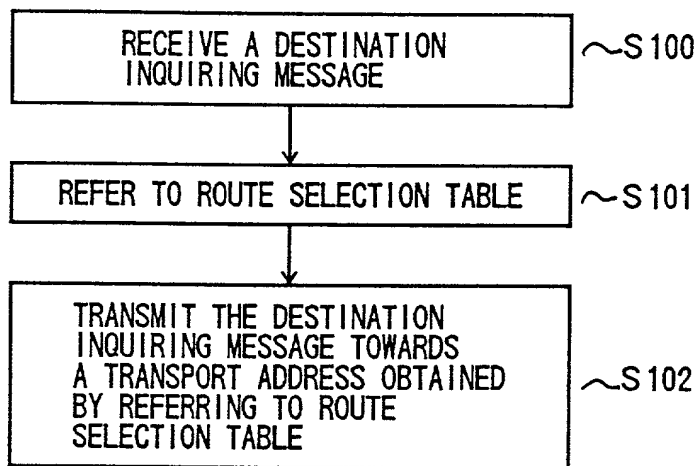
TABLE (a)

TRANSPORT ADDRESS		UPDATE FLAG
IP ADDRESS	PORT NUMBER	
20. 20. 20. 2	8001	F A L S E

TABLE (b)

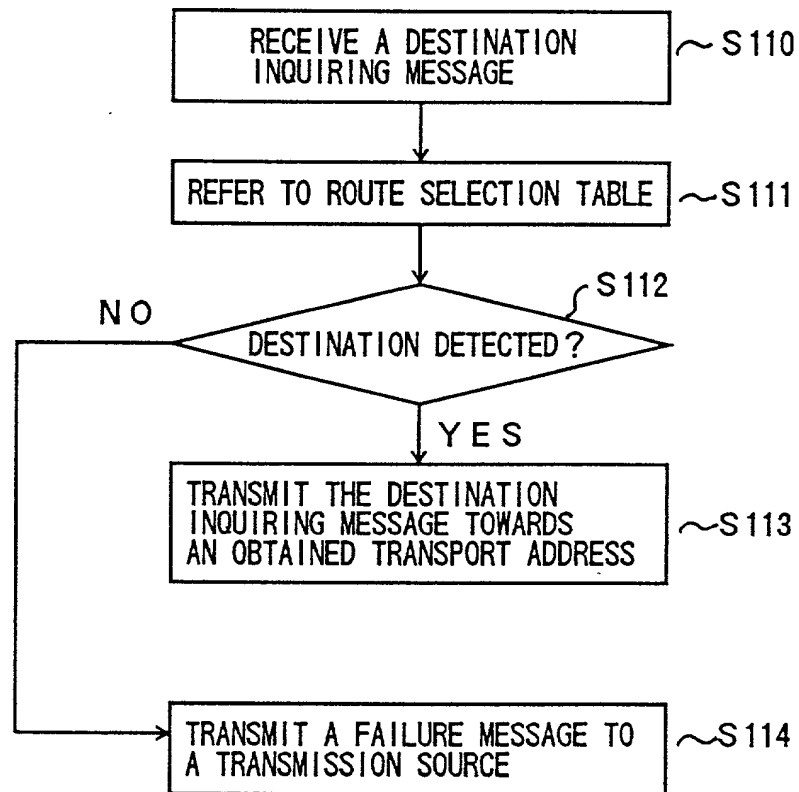
STEERING NUMBER	UPDATE FLAG
721	T R U E

FIG. 20



667060 8462860

FIG. 21



Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

**Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application**

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

**Japanese Language Declaration****日本語宣言書**

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者（下記の氏名が一つの場合）もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると（下記の名称が複数の場合）信じています。

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

VOICE GATEWAYS, ROUTE SELECTION METHOD  
OF THE SAME, AND MEMORY MEDIUM FOR  
STORING CONTROL PROGRAMS OF THE SAME

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本書に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ 月 日に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約国際出願番号を \_\_\_\_\_ とし、  
(該当する場合) \_\_\_\_\_ に訂正されました。☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_  
as United States Application Number or  
PCT International Application Number  
\_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on  
\_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

私は、連邦規則法典第37編第1条56項に定義されるとおり、特許資格の有無について重要な情報を開示する義務があることを認めます。

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

## Japanese Language Declaration

(日本語宣言書)

私は、米国法典第35編119条(a)-(d)項又は365条(b)項に基づき下記の、米国外の国の少なくとも一カ国を指定している特許協力条約365(a)項に基づく国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している、本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示しています。

### Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願 Pat. Appln. No. 10-250092	Japan
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)
(Number) (番号)	(Country) (国名)

I hereby claim foreign priority under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 (a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

### Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

3/September/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)  
(出願年月日)

☐

(Day/Month/Year Filed)  
(出願年月日)

☐

私、第35編米国法典119条(e)項に基づいて下記の米国外の特許出願規定に記載された権利をここに主張いたします。

(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
-----------------------------	------------------------

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
-----------------------------	------------------------

私は、下記の米国法典第35編120条に基づいて下記の米国外の特許出願に記載された権利、又は米国を指定している特許協力条約365条(c)に基づき権利をここに主張します。また、本出願の各請求範囲の内容が米国法典第35編112条第1項又は特許協力条約で規定された方法で先行する米国外の特許出願に開示されていない限り、その先行米国外出願提出日以降で本出願書の日本国内または特許協力条約国際提出日までの期間中に入手された、連邦規則法典第37編1条56項で定義された特許資格の有無に関する重要な情報について開示義務があることを認識しています。

(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
-----------------------------	------------------------

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of application.

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)
---

(Application No.) (出願番号)	(Filing Date) (出願日)
-----------------------------	------------------------

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)
---

私は、私自身の知識に基づいて本宣言書中で私が行なう表明が真実であり、かつ私の入手した情報と私の信じることに基づく表明が全て真実であると信じていること、さらに故意になされた虚偽の表明及びそれと同等の行為は米国法典第18編第1001条に基づき、罰金または拘禁、もしくはその両方により処罰されること、そしてそのような故意による虚偽の声明を行えば、出願した、又は既に許可された特許の有効性が失われることを認識し、よってここに上記のごとく宣誓を致します。

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

## Japanese Language Declaration (日本語宣言書)

委任状： 私は下記の発明者として、本出願に関する一切の手続きを米特許商標局に対して遂行する弁理士または代理人として、下記の者を指名いたします。（弁理士、または代理人の氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと）

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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発明者の署名	日付	Inventor's signature	Date
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国籍	Citizenship		
	Japan		
私書箱	Post Office Address		
	c/o FUJITSU LIMITED, 1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, 211-8588 Japan		
第二共同発明者		Full name of second joint inventor, if any	
第二共同発明者	日付	Second inventor's signature	Date
住所	Residence		
国籍	Citizenship		
私書箱	Post Office Address		

（第三以降の共同発明者についても同様に記載し、署名をすること）

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.)

THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of: **Sachiko NOGUCHI**

Filed: : **Concurrently herewith**

For : **VOICE GATEWAYS, ROUTE SELECTION METHOD OF THE SAME, AND  
MEMORY MEDIUM FOR STORING CONTROL PROGRAMS OF THE  
SAME**

Serial No.: **Concurrently herewith**

September 1, 1999

Assistant Commissioner of Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

SUB-POWER OF ATTORNEY

S I R:

I, Samson Helfgott Reg. No. 23,072 attorney of record  
herein, do hereby grant a sub-power of attorney to Linda S.  
Chan, Reg. No. 42,400 and Jacqueline M. Steady, Reg. No. 44,354  
to act and sign in my behalf in the above-referenced application.

Respectfully submitted,



Samson Helfgott  
Reg.No 23,072

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